

Math 101, Littlefield

Homework: Powers and Roots

What is the value of N in the following expressions?

a. $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} = x^N$

b. $\frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{x}} = x^N$

c. $x^3 \times x^{1.4} = x^N$

d. $x^2 \sqrt{x} = x^N$

e. $\frac{1}{x^{2.5}} = x^N$

Hint: You can check your results numerically using Excel. For example, you can confirm that

$$\frac{x^4}{x \cdot \sqrt[3]{x}} = x^{4-(1+1/3)} = x^{8/3}$$

by testing with $x = 15$ and noting that Excel computes $=15^4/(15*(15^{(1/3)}))$, $=15^{(4-(1+1/3))}$, and $=15^{(8/3)}$ as all being the same value (1368.495449).

$x=15$ is of course pulled from the air. Any value greater than 0 and different from 1 will work.

(Yes, Excel's formula notation looks like ugly gobbledygook! Notation is better if it's pretty. But even ugly notation can be useful.)